

Key Knowledge, Skills and Understanding for English – Reading

EYFS

Key Knowledge and Skills

This document demonstrates which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for reading within the national curriculum. The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Three and Four-Year-Olds and Reception to match the programme of study for reading.

The most relevant statements for writing are taken from the following areas of learning:

- Communication and Language
- Literacy
- · Expressive Arts and Design
- Understanding the World

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Reading: Word Reading				
	Phonics and Decoding			
Three and Four-	Literacy	Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:		
Year-Olds		spot and suggestrhymes		
		count or clap syllables in words		
		 recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother 		
Reception	Literacy	Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.		
		Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of letter-sound correspondences.		
		Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.		
		Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.		



ELG	Literacy	Word Reading	Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.		
			Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.		
			Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some		
			common exception words.		
	Common Exception Words				
Reception	Literacy		Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.		
	Fluency				
Three and Four-	Literacy		Understand the five key concepts about print:		
Year-Olds			• print has meaning		
			• print can have different purposes		
			we can read English text from left to right and from top to bottom		
			the names of different parts of a book		
			page sequencing		
			Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:		
			spot and suggestrhymes		
			count or clap syllables in words		
			recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother		
Reception	Literacy		Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of letter-sound correspondences.		
			 Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exceptionwords. 		
			Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.		



ELG	Literacy	Reading	Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.			
	Reading: Comprehension					
			Understanding and Correcting Inaccuracies			
Three and Four- Year-Olds			 Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got sofat?" Be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. 			
			Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.			
Reception	Communication and Language		 Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. 			
ELG	Literacy	Comprehension	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play. 			
Comparing, Contrasting and Commenting						
Three and Four- Year-Olds	Communication and Language		Be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.			
Reception	Understanding the World		Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.			



ELG	Communicatio n and Language	Listening, Attention and Understandin g Speaking	 Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
			Words in Context and Authorial Choice
Three and Four-	Communication and Language		Use a wider range of vocabulary.
Year-Olds	Literacy		Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.
Reception	Communication and Language		 Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary throughout the day. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.
ELG	Communicatio n and Language	Speaking	Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
	Literacy	Comprehension	 Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.
			Inference and Prediction
Three and Four- Year-Olds	Communication and Language		Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got sofat?"
ELG	Communicatio n and Language	Speaking	Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.



	Literacy	Comprehension	Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.	
Poetry and Performance				
Three and Four- Year-Olds	Communication and Language		 Sing a large repertoire of songs. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. 	
	Expressive Arts and Design		 Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitch match'). Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down and down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. 	
Reception	Communication and Language Expressive Arts and Design		 Engage in storytimes. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Learn rhymes, poems and songs. Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. 	
			Develop storylines in their pretend play.	
ELG	Literacy	Comprehension	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.	
	Arts and Design	Creating with Materials	Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.	
		Being Imaginative and Expressive	 Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with their peers and their teacher. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music. 	
			Non-Fiction	





Reception	Communication and Language		 Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.
ELG	Communicatio n and Language	Speaking	Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
	Literacy	Comprehension	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

